

**“Enhancing Interprofessional
Collaboration and Learning for
Strengthening Primary Health Care”**

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TUFH 2021 ABSTRACTS

Title	KNOWLEDGE AND PERCEPTIONS ABOUT COVID-19 IN COLOMBIA. ONLINE SURVEY IN GENERAL POPULATION.
Type	Oral Presentation What can we learn from your Primary Health Care Practice and Experiences?
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Abstract N ^o	TUFH803
Content	<p>The Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus type 2 was responsible for a series of cases of unknown etiology pneumonia in China, which was declared a pandemic in March 2020. OBJECTIVE. To describe the knowledges and perceptions of the colombian population facing the coronavirus pandemic. METHODS. Observational study that was carried out through a virtual survey to those over 18 years old, with responses between May 28 and June 15. RESULTS. 1995 people participated. 66,4% (1321) were women, the median age was 32 years old. 86,3% (1722) were from the Andina region and 44% (878) had a bachelor's degree. Regarding the emotions emerged by the pandemic, 51,6% (1030) reported feeling interest followed by confusion with 26,2% (528). The perception against the main symptom of an infected person was fever with 95.1% (1898). When questioning the participants about the measures that prevent the virus infection, 94,6% (1888) answered that washing hands prevents infection. 91,2% (1821) assured that older adults are those who have a higher risk of complications. 68,3% (1363) stated that they felt well informed and 62,8% (1253) considered that the measures taken by the Government were appropriate, in addition, 67,3% (1343) stated that they had economic repercussions. CONCLUSIONS. The pandemic has generated new situations that awaken emotions, which affect both the economic and social sphere of the human being. Most people recognise high-risk groups, symptoms and the main protection measures recommended by experts.</p>